

Code Jam 4

Names:

Complete the following exercises in 40 minutes. This activity is open book, open computer. All work should be your own group.

Question 1

Short answer

1) How is machine code generated from source code? What is the relationship between machine code and assembly?

2) What is a register?

3) What two steps occur when the CPU executes the instruction `push %rbp` ?

4) What two steps occur when the CPU executes the instruction `pop %rbp` ?

5) What does `callq` do?

Question 2

Consider the following code segment.

Dump of assembler code for function main:

```
=> 0x000055555555149 <+0>:    endbr64
    0x00005555555514d <+4>:    push   %rbp
    0x00005555555514e <+5>:    mov    %rsp,%rbp
    0x000055555555151 <+8>:    sub    $0x10,%rsp
    0x000055555555155 <+12>:   movl   $0xffffffff7,-0x8(%rbp)
    0x00005555555515c <+19>:   mov    -0x8(%rbp),%eax
    0x00005555555515f <+22>:   shl   $0x2,%eax
    0x000055555555162 <+25>:   mov    %eax,-0x4(%rbp)
    0x000055555555165 <+28>:   mov    -0x4(%rbp),%edx
    0x000055555555168 <+31>:   mov    -0x8(%rbp),%eax
    0x00005555555516b <+34>:   mov    %eax,%esi
    0x00005555555516d <+36>:   lea   0xe90(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556004
    0x000055555555174 <+43>:   mov    $0x0,%eax
    0x000055555555179 <+48>:   callq 0x55555555050 <printf@plt>
    0x00005555555517e <+53>:   mov    $0x0,%eax
    0x000055555555183 <+58>:   leaveq
    0x000055555555184 <+59>:   retq
```

Suppose memory has the following values:

Address	Value
M[0x555555556004]	"%d %d"

And suppose our registers have the following values to start:

Register	Value
%eax	0xd0d
%edx	0xe148
%rbp	0x0
%rsp	0x048
%esi	0xe138
%edi	0x1
%rip	0x000055555555149

1) What is the value 0x10 as a base 10 integer?

2) What is the value 0xfffff7 as a base 10 *signed* integer (two's complement)?

3) Draw the contents of the registers and stack after executing the instruction `sub $0x10,%rsp`
(0x000055555555151)

Register	Value	"Stack top"	
%eax		Address	Stack value
%edx			
%rbp			
%rsp			
%esi			
%edi			
%rip			
		0x048	

4) What is the translation of the memory form `-0x8(%rbp)` ?

5) What is the `shl` instruction?

6) What are the contents of `%eax` after executing instruction `0x00005555555515c?`

7) What are the contents of %eax after executing instruction 0x00005555555515f?

8) What are the contents of %rsi after executing instruction 0x00005555555516b?

9) What are the contents of %rdi after executing instruction 0x00005555555516d?

Question 3

In this question use GDB and objdump to reverse engineer to binary executable `secret`

```
$ ./secret
Guess the mysterious number: 39
You are wrong!
```

1) What functions does `main` call (please list in execution order)?

2) What are the values of %esi and %edi before the first function call in main?

3) What is the return value from the first function?

4) What is the value of %edi before the second function call in main?

5) What is the secret number?

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